



ETC[®]-SV Class 0 oil-free compressed air through catalysis

INNOVATION

QUALITY

RELIABILITY

WORLDWIDE

>>> The way to oil-free compressed air

The ETC® operating principle

Through the process of catalytic oxidation, ETC[®] converters actively transform the oil and hydrocarbons in compressed air into water and CO₂. ETC[®] Converter continuously supply Class 0 compressed air, in accordance with ISO 8573-1, with a residual oil content of < 0.0025 mg/Nm³ as well as an oil-free condensate.

With its catalytic technology for the treatment of compressed air, ETC[®] provides a technical solution that has been successfully used for many years in the automotive and chemical industries.

For compressed air upstream of a converter that has an oil content of max. 200 mg/Nm³, ROTORCOMP[®] guarantees oil-free Class 0 compressed air downstream of the converter.

In contrast to conventional filter systems (e.g., activated carbon), the air quality is constantly maintained. Saturation and the risk of breakthrough by hydrocarbon compounds are reliably prevented.

In contrast to oil-free compressors, the compressed air quality does not depend upon the hydrocarbon content of the ambient air.

The operation of the catalytic converter is independent of the temperature and humidity of the compressed air to be treated.

ETC[®]-SV layout



- 1 Compressed air containing oil from compressor
- 2 Pre-separator (VS)
- **3** VS module
- 4 Heat exchanger
- 5 Converter vessel
- 6 Electric heater
- 7 Catalyst
- 8 Particle filter (optional)
- 9 Minimum pressure closing valve (DHSV)
- **10** Controls
- **11** Oil-free compressed air to dryer

>>> ETC[®]-SV – Catalytic air treatment

Features and product advantages

- Guaranteed oil-free compressed air in accordance with ISO 8573-1 Class 0 (residual oil content ≤ 0.0025 mg/Nm³), confirmed by independent TÜV measurements
- > Absolutely secure system since a protective shutdown unit prevents oil-containing compressed air from entering into the network in the event of a malfunction
- > Guarantee on the operation of the catalyst for 5 years for hydrocarbon concentrations at the ETC[®] inlet of up 200 mg/Nm³
- > Lower energy consumption to a max. of 0.01 kWh/m³ through Improved insulation of converter and housing

- > Minimizes significant the bacteria, fungus and microbial diversity content in the compressed air
- > Clean condensate after ETC®
- > Irreversible separation of silicon monomeres out of the compressed air
- > Partial load capacity of 20 to 110% of the nominal flow rate when using the VS module
- > Increased service life for downstream dryer

The ETC[®] is integrated into the compressed air network downstream of the compressor. The compressed air (**1**) containing oil that is flowing from the compressor is conducted over a pre-separation unit (**2**) and a VS module (**3**) into a plate heat exchanger (**4**). The pre-separation unit protects the ETC[®] against liquid oil and water. The VS module extends the max. working range by 20 to 110% of the nominal flow. The compressed air is pre-heated in the plate heat exchanger

and subsequently flows into the converter vessel (**5**) containing the catalyst (**7**). By using an electric heater (**6**), the catalyst is held at a temperature that is necessary for the catalytic reactions to take place. The oil-free compressed air leaves the converter and is cooled down again in a counter flow in the plate heat exchanger and is conducted through a particle filtration unit (**8**) and the minimum pressure closing valve (**9**) to a dryer.



>>> Class 0 oil-free compressed air and clean condensate

Oilfree compressed air station



Hydrocarbon concentration measurements in air and compressed air



oil concentration [mg/Nm³]

Over a period of 2,000 hours, hydrocarbon concentrations

- in the ambient air
- > downstream of an oil-injected screw compressor
- after an ETC-SV5

were measured in accordance with ISO 8573-2, -5 and -6. For this a ROTORCOMP[®] on-line-measurment instrument type RCS NMHC was used, which is based on the measuring of NMHC (non-methane hydrocarbons) – values.

TÜV test report: oil content measurements

TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH Messatelle nach §§ 26/28 BlmSchG Befristung der Bekanntgabe bis 22.05.2011 Westendsträße 199 80688 München		Industrie Sanaka	2:17 Biological de Gragoantine, 19.000 - 400, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200,	Industrie Server
		Mohr Sichorheit. Mehr Wert.	Summary	
Report		1254-23468	<u>Oli sontoni in congressed all'downsiream d'artelytic converter</u> Component measured Unit Mean Maximum Measured negative Oli faerosoti migm² 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005	sure- int tainty 005
on the measurement of o passing) in the exhaust a a converter for oil-free co	il content (aerosol and filter- ir of a compressor downstream of mpressed air	DAP P. 2851 49	Filte-passing olis (gaseous and vaporous hydrocarbon compounds > C0) Total oil content mg/m³ 0.0002 0.0002 0.0002 0.00	005 01]
System:	Compressor with downstream		Table of contents	P
0,000	converter for oil-free compressed air	Date: 6 May 2010 Cut administration Cut Cut Cut Cut Cut	1 SCOPE OF MEASUREMENT	
Owner/Operator:	ROTORCOMP VERDICHTER GmbH Industriestr. 9 82110 Germering	Report for 196241	2 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPRESSOR AND THE CATALYTIC 3 DESCRIPTION OF THE \$AMPLING POINTS	CONVERTER
Location:	Industriestr. 9 82110 Germering	195500,49800,49800,400 17 pipes Page 1 of 17	4 MEASUREMENT AND ANALYSIS METHODS. EQUIPMENT	
Date of order:	5 October 2009	only by typeourners and used the calcents on purposes with the expressive the opposed with TVP instrument Second Second		
Date of measurement:	13 April 2010	The less the suffer ratio enclose vely to the suffer ratio		
Date of report:	6 May 2010			
Ordered by:	Dr. Peitzker			
Project No.	1396241			
Terms of reference:	Measurement of oil content (aerosol and filter-passing) in compressed air as per ISO 8573-1	(and		
Kisel budwer 2 - og borne Stor Vanser Stor Vanser 2 Toole Lange Amigjøecht Värdren HKS så 660 – 2 et og bie 1	VA-107 Teleba, +68 55 509 1027 R. 62 Barron Teleba , 45 55 501 555 Alba Barron West Barr and de William Stocken West Barr and de Barro Citato Rea seer TRA	SUD Industra Service Growi ransong Vanchen ong Vanaer Santoe rogeneter IIO rogeneter room		

Technical data

Model	Nominal flow at 7 barg	Max. over- pressure	Pipe diameter*	Weight**	Width**	Depth**	Height**	Power supply	Specific energy consumption during operation	Energy consumption at nominal flow	Installed power
	[Nm³/min]	[bar]		[kg]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[V]	[kWh/Nm³]	[kWh]	[kW]
ETC-SV04	0.4	16	15 x 1.5mm	60	700	340	1400	230	0.009	0.2	1
ETC-SV1	1	16	18 x 1.5mm	140	860	455	1455	230	0.009	0.5	1.2
ETC-SV2	2	16	28 x 2 mm	160	860	455	1655	230	0.009	1.1	2.5
ETC-SV5	5	16	35 x 2 mm	360	1175	620	1890	400	0.007	2.1	5
ETC-SV7	7	16	42 x 2 mm	410	1175	620	1890	400	0.006	2.5	5
ETC-SV10	10	16	42 x 2 mm	590	1630	815	2100	400	0.005	3.0	10
ETC-SV15	15	16	DN 50	770	1630	880	2100	400	0.005	4.5	10
ETC-SV20	20	16	DN 65	900	1900	1140	2150	400	0.005	6.0	15
ETC-SV30	30	16	DN 65	1100	1900	1140	2150	400	0.005	9.0	21
ETC-S40	40	16	DN 80	1500	2200	900	2240	400	0.005	12.0	28
ETC-S50	50	16	DN 100	1700	2250	900	2240	400	0.005	15.0	28

* Connection dependent on options (see installation drawing)
** Weight and dimensions without pre-separator, VS module and particle filter

INNOVATION	QUALITY	RELIABILITY	WORLDWIDE

ROTORCOMP VERDICHTER GmbH

Industriestrasse 9 82110 Germering Germany Tel.: +49 (0)89 724 09-0 Fax: +49 (0)89 724 09-38

etc@rotorcomp.de www.rotorcomp.de

A member of BAUER GROUP